



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Californian, the civil procedure code of that state forming the basis for the work. The references to reported cases are almost exclusively Californian.

The value of the work, therefore, will be to the California practitioner. To him it should be of value as a careful and exhaustive digest for quick reference of case and code law as to civil remedies and for its three hundred and sixty-six forms covering the field of civil practice, which have been added by the author in an appendix.

J. G. K.

LEGAL MASTERPIECES: SPECIMENS OF ARGUMENTATION AND EXPOSITION BY EMINENT LAWYERS. Edited by VAN VECHTEN VEEDER. In two volumes. Pp. xxiv + 1324. St. Paul, Minn.: Keefe Davidson Company. 1903.

These volumes are a contribution to the literature of the law. Each one of the forty-three selections which helps to make up the contents of this work, is, in its way, a model of the highest form of argument or judicial opinion.

The great lawyers and judges of England and the United States, whose efforts are here reproduced, were more than lawyers, in the narrow sense of the word, they were men of breadth and culture. They not only knew what they wished to say, but said it in the best possible manner.

The editor has chosen the selections partly because of the interest and importance of the subject matter, but chiefly because of the elegance of style. They are literary masterpieces as well as legal disquisitions.

We find, as might well be expected in the volumes, opinions of Lord Mansfield, Hamilton's Opinion on the Constitutionality of the United States Bank, Marshall's opinion in *McCulloch* against Maryland, and Webster's argument in the Dartmouth College case.

A sketch of the life of each lawyer whose work is produced is given, together with a discussion of his characteristics, and the facts involved in each case are briefly stated.

J. H. R. A.

NEW PRACTICE IN SUPPLEMENTARY PROCEEDINGS, WITH ALL THE STATUTES ON THE SUBJECT AND NEW FORMS FOR EVERY CASE. By GEORGE W. BRADNER. Pp. xl + 396. Second Edition. Albany, N. Y.: W. C. Little & Co. 1902.

In 1895, Mr. Bradner published the first edition of this work. The object of the author was to give, in concise form, the law governing the attachment of property under the New York Code of Civil Procedure, based upon statute and judicial interpretation.